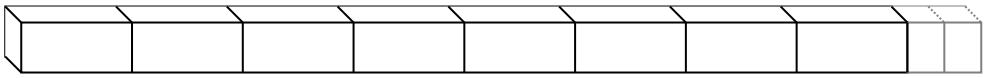
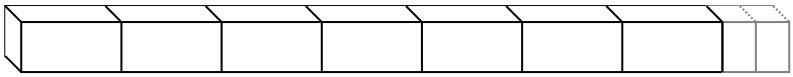
Identificando unidades más pequeñas Nombre:

Determinar el número de piezas fraccionarias más pequeñas que se pueden hacer a partir de la pieza más grande.

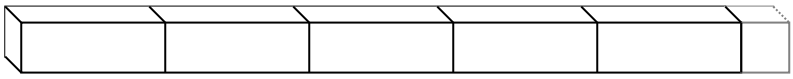
Ej) $8\frac{2}{3}$



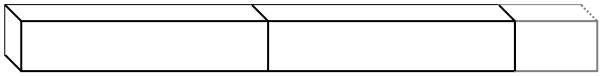
1) $7\frac{2}{3}$



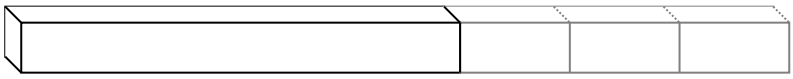
2) $5\frac{1}{3}$



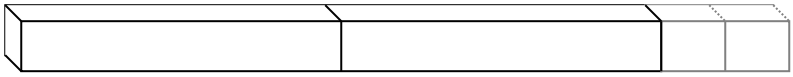
3) $2\frac{1}{3}$



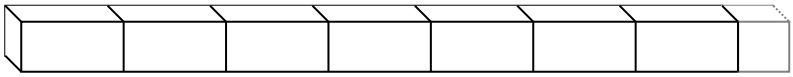
4) $1\frac{3}{4}$



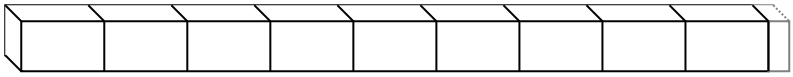
5) $2\frac{2}{5}$



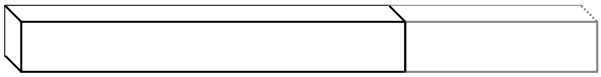
6) $7\frac{1}{2}$



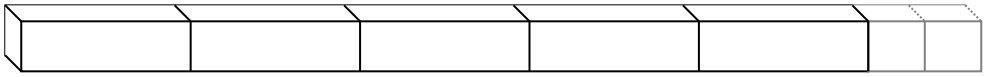
7) $9\frac{1}{4}$



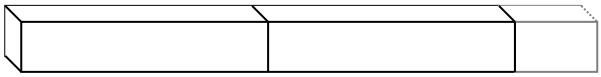
8) $1\frac{1}{2}$



9) $5\frac{2}{3}$



10) $2\frac{1}{3}$



Respuestas

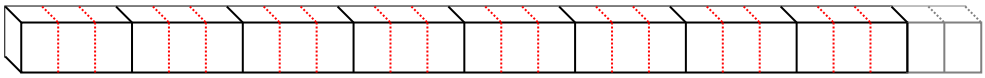
Ej. 26

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

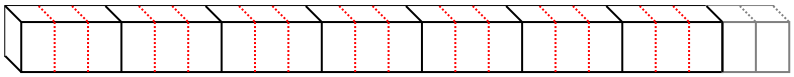
1-10	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	0

Determinar el número de piezas fraccionarias más pequeñas que se pueden hacer a partir de la pieza más grande.

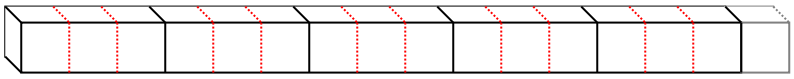
Ej) $8\frac{2}{3}$



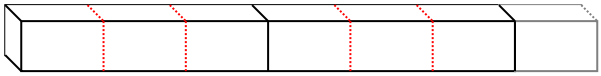
1) $7\frac{2}{3}$



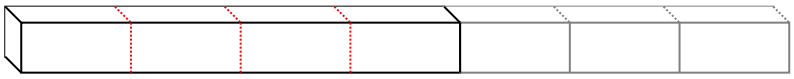
2) $5\frac{1}{3}$



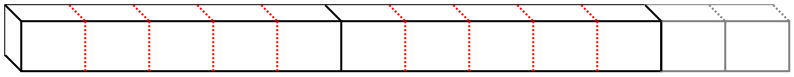
3) $2\frac{1}{3}$



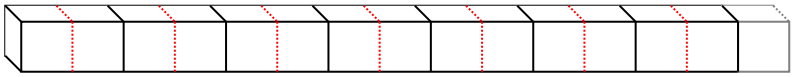
4) $1\frac{3}{4}$



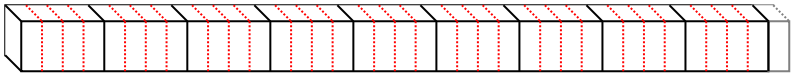
5) $2\frac{2}{5}$



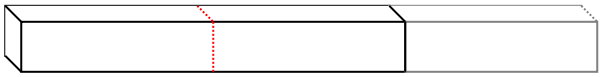
6) $7\frac{1}{2}$



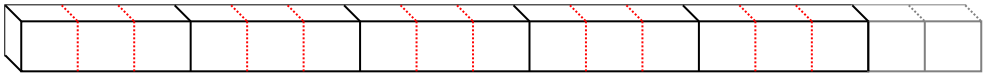
7) $9\frac{1}{4}$



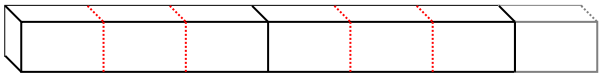
8) $1\frac{1}{2}$



9) $5\frac{2}{3}$



10) $2\frac{1}{3}$



Respuestas

Ej.	26
1.	23
2.	16
3.	7
4.	7
5.	12
6.	15
7.	37
8.	3
9.	17
10.	7

1-10	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	0