



## Identificación del punto de intersección con ecuaciones Nombre:

Para cada sistema de ecuaciones, determine el punto de intersección en una gráfica.

Respuestas

1) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.2x - 3 \\ y = -0.2x - 7 \end{cases}$$

2) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -4.5x - 8 \\ y = -2.25x + 1 \end{cases}$$

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

3) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -0.1x + 4 \\ y = 0.3x + 0 \end{cases}$$

4) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -1.5x - 6 \\ y = 4.5x + 6 \end{cases}$$

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_

8. \_\_\_\_\_

9. \_\_\_\_\_

10. \_\_\_\_\_

5) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -1.5x + 8 \\ y = 0.2x - 9 \end{cases}$$

6) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.2x + 1 \\ y = -0.6x - 3 \end{cases}$$

7) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.6x + 8 \\ y = -0.3x - 1 \end{cases}$$

8) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -0.1x - 1 \\ y = 0.1x - 3 \end{cases}$$

9) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -0.75x + 0 \\ y = 0.25x - 4 \end{cases}$$

10) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.3x - 5 \\ y = 0.6x - 2 \end{cases}$$



Para cada sistema de ecuaciones, determine el punto de intersección en una gráfica.

**Respuestas**

1) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.2x - 3 \\ y = -0.2x - 7 \end{cases}$$

$$0.2x - 3 = -0.2x - 7$$

$$0.4x = -4$$

$$1x = -10$$

$$y = (0.2 \times -10) - 3$$

$$y = (-0.2 \times -10) - 7$$

2) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -4.5x - 8 \\ y = -2.25x + 1 \end{cases}$$

$$-4.5x - 8 = -2.25x + 1$$

$$-2.25x = 9$$

$$1x = -4$$

$$y = (-4.5 \times -4) - 8$$

$$y = (-2.25 \times -4) + 1$$

3) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -0.1x + 4 \\ y = 0.3x + 0 \end{cases}$$

$$-0.1x + 4 = 0.3x + 0$$

$$-0.4x = -4$$

$$1x = 10$$

$$y = (-0.1 \times 10) + 4$$

$$y = (0.3 \times 10) + 0$$

4) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -1.5x - 6 \\ y = 4.5x + 6 \end{cases}$$

$$-1.5x - 6 = 4.5x + 6$$

$$-6x = 12$$

$$1x = -2$$

$$y = (-1.5 \times -2) - 6$$

$$y = (4.5 \times -2) + 6$$

5) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -1.5x + 8 \\ y = 0.2x - 9 \end{cases}$$

$$-1.5x + 8 = 0.2x - 9$$

$$-1.7x = -17$$

$$1x = 10$$

$$y = (-1.5 \times 10) + 8$$

$$y = (0.2 \times 10) - 9$$

6) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.2x + 1 \\ y = -0.6x - 3 \end{cases}$$

$$0.2x + 1 = -0.6x - 3$$

$$0.8x = -4$$

$$1x = -5$$

$$y = (0.2 \times -5) + 1$$

$$y = (-0.6 \times -5) - 3$$

7) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.6x + 8 \\ y = -0.3x - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$0.6x + 8 = -0.3x - 1$$

$$0.9x = -9$$

$$1x = -10$$

$$y = (0.6 \times -10) + 8$$

$$y = (-0.3 \times -10) - 1$$

8) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -0.1x - 1 \\ y = 0.1x - 3 \end{cases}$$

$$-0.1x - 1 = 0.1x - 3$$

$$-0.2x = -2$$

$$1x = 10$$

$$y = (-0.1 \times 10) - 1$$

$$y = (0.1 \times 10) - 3$$

9) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -0.75x + 0 \\ y = 0.25x - 4 \end{cases}$$

$$-0.75x + 0 = 0.25x - 4$$

$$-1x = -4$$

$$1x = 4$$

$$y = (-0.75 \times 4) + 0$$

$$y = (0.25 \times 4) - 4$$

10) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.3x - 5 \\ y = 0.6x - 2 \end{cases}$$

$$0.3x - 5 = 0.6x - 2$$

$$-0.3x = 3$$

$$1x = -10$$

$$y = (0.3 \times -10) - 5$$

$$y = (0.6 \times -10) - 2$$

1. (-10, -5)2. (-4, 10)3. (10, 3)4. (-2, -3)5. (10, -7)6. (-5, 0)7. (-10, 2)8. (10, -2)9. (4, -3)10. (-10, -8)